

Sample test results

The following charts exemplify the diagnostic value of the KT-testing, which surpasses known means of diagnostics in terms of its insight into the immune system. In comparison to regular lab tests the KTT (culture transformation test) enhances quantitative methods of diagnostics consisting of cell counts by looking at the difference in the cell's surface, nucleus and behaviour. By doing so, you can see which agent causes which immune reaction in what manner according to its influence.

The significant graph can be found in the "cumulative description of relevant antigens" and respectively in a ranking ("Relevant antigens, numeric-, single- and sum results"). The effects of the tested agents on the cellular immune system in comparison to the regular blood are identified as low (green), significant (yellow), very strong (red).

The results are by no means indicating that the respective patient suffers of any disease related with the respective antigen. Here only the immunological perspective is in focus.

Patient No. 1

In this report the repeated reaction to measles, mumps and rubella in positions 1,3,4, 8 in connection with the parvovirus is significant. The measles viruses can be found in 30% of the tumors of lung cancer. Their cancerous characteristic is currently a prominent discussion internationally.

According to today's state of the scientific and technical knowledge *Leptospira* cannot be integrated in the cancer diagnosis and only in the patient's personal medical history. *Esch. coli*, *Morgan.*, *Prot*, *Klebs.*, *Enterococcus faec.* in positions 5 as well as *Chlamydia* in position 6, are not generally known to be cancerous, but when producing a culture of immune competent cells they support the production of tumor necrosis factor.

Another noteworthy instance in this present case is hepatitis and the adenovirus in position 12. This may not be underestimated, since hepatitides can be found 20 times more often in breast cancer patients than in the comparison group.

Patient No. 2

The patient suffers of a bladder cancer. His KT-testing demonstrates noticeable characteristics in position 1, 9 and 10 due to the reactions against the papilloma virus whereas the papilloma virus II is known to be cancerous..

In addition the reaction to fungi on position 2 makes sense in this report, as there are known cross reactions in the multiple antigenity of *Aspergillus fumigatus*, *Mucor mucelis*, *Penicillium notatum* und *Pullularia pullulans* raises the power of the characteristics of single agents.

Of notable importance here is *Aspergillus fumigatus* sein, because of its strong production of Aflatoxin (this is a mykotoxin) and its resulting cancerous quality. *Esch. coli* and *Penicillium not.* in positions 3 and 4 play a minor role in this combination. Tuberculinum in position 5 however stresses the diagnosis as its bacteria are known with regards to bladder cancer. Apart of the interplay of different agents the multiple evidence of one agent is critical in the diagnostics of the KT-Testing.

Patient No. 3

The patient's test result shows a very strong reaction to wasp poison, which is known to show high amounts of toxicity in the body. *Chlamydia*, *Papilloma* and the influenza virus are all known to be cancerous. However, the combination of *Chlamydia* and *Enterococcus faec.* is an advantageous situation with regards to building tumor necrosis factor. *Curvularia lunata* is an immunosuppressive fungus in a prominent position. Based on the findings of the report aside of stimulating the blood to fight the cancerous part of the imbalance in the immune system, especially the wasp poison (toxicity) and fungus (immune suppression) are in focus for production.

Name of Patient:		patient 1	Date of Birth:		18.12.1963
Diagnosis:	breast cancer				

CT-Test: Relevant antigens, numeric-, single- and sum results

Date of blooddrawing: 09.08.2010 at: 18:30:00				Date of stimulation: 12.08.2010 at: 15:30:00				Date of test in laboratory: 13.08.2010 at: 13:00:00			
ser.NO	ID	Antigens	CTT 1	CTT 2	CTT 3	CTT 4	CTT 5	Δ% Gran.	Δ% Nucl.	Δ% CV	σ Cumulative Value
1	517	rotavirus + measles, mumps, rubella + parvo	3,6465	8,0462	0,0227	4,1127	0,5843	2,62231	3,82225	1,41706	24,27
2	137	leptospira	2,8213	0,2840	1,2047	7,1263	0,4869	6,34748	2,73614	0,02067	21,03
3	526	measles, mumps, rubella + herpes + parvovi	3,5649	0,0422	6,6598	2,4679	0,1460	4,12472	1,45815	0,00472	18,47
4	518	rotavirus + measles, mumps, rubella + influenza	2,8150	0,0093	4,2072	0,9758	0,2921	0,72496	3,28039	0,00590	12,31
5	27	Esch.coli, Morgan, Prot, Klebs, Entero, faeca	1,4217	0,0109	3,984	1,3764	0,5843	1,59375	2,10474	0,00315	11,08
6	29	chlamydia	1,4208	0,47	0,0118	0,2383	4,6744	0,20513	2,83151	1,05807	10,91
7	113	PU patient's urine	0,4875	0,0085	0,4858	0,7942	2,9215	0,44244	4,37444	0,00886	9,52
8	508	measles, mumps, rubella + influenza	3,9927	0,0270	0,7459	0,2340	0,8764	0,2642	2,159	0,04724	8,35
9	512	herpes + parvovirus	3,7346	0,1517	0,4186	0,5004	0,7303	0,88964	1,37079	0,07873	7,87
10	111	Escherichia coli (Symbioflor 2)	1,9046	0,0904	0,7116	1,2822	0,2921	1,76769	1,76781	0,02362	7,84
11	1	cholera	2,9154	0,6557	0,1634	0,3870	0,7790	1,92320	0,49046	0,15745	7,47
12	574	hepatitis + adenovirus	0,0559	2,8952	0,0002	0,0047	0,7303	0,60388	0,01881	2,21416	6,52
13	115	cholera 1:100	1,3156	0,1292	0,059	0,1685	2,4346	0,30329	1,35399	0,19681	5,96
14	592	mucor racemosa / aspergillus niger + papilloma	0,0029	0,0616	5E-06	7E-06	0,2434	0,00567	0,00314	5,01877	5,34
15	79	chicken pocks 1:100	0,5177	0,763	0,0032	0,0544	1,3633	0,24358	0,54429	1,44659	4,94
16	15	tuberculin	0,1992	1,5634	0,0011	0,0357	0,7303	0,44958	0,19364	1,60601	4,78
17	577	rotavirus + chicken pocks	0,0004	0,0925	9E-07	6E-07	0,8764	0,0113	0,00013	3,77884	4,76

ser.NO = serial number, antigens sorted by priority of their immunologic efficiency

Diagnosis:bladder cancer

CT-Test: Relevant antigens, numeric-, single- and sum results

Date of blooddrawing: 05.04.2010 at: 16:30:00				Date of stimulation: 07.04.2010 at: 16:45:00				Date of test in laboratory: 08.04.2010 at: 12:00:00			
ser.NO	ID	Antigens	CTT 1	CTT 2	CTT 3	CTT 4	CTT 5	Δ% Gran.	Δ% Nucl.	Δ% CV	σ Cumulative Value
1	84	papillomavirus II 1:10	5,3344	4,8311	0,1435	9,0753	3,0751	8,63497	2,06370	0,12665	33,28
2	70	fungi II (asp. fum., mucor muc., pen. not., pul 7,2463	0,0437	0,1930	0,2737	1,0250	0,07741	6,94298	0,12793		15,93
3	111	Escherichia coli (Symbioflor 2)	1,2465	8,015	0,0011	0,1237	1,5375	0,47275	0,5138	3,83803	15,75
4	105	Penicillium notatum	1,8284	0,0291	1,8038	3,6851	0,5125	1,90558	3,79726	0,00345	13,57
5	15	tuberculin	0,1099	2,1193	6E-05	0,0021	0,5125	0,07500	0,05499	6,39671	9,27
6	604	measles + herpes	0,2250	2,7565	0,003	0,5531	2,5626	2,43878	0,44530	0,25587	9,24
7	551	esch. coli, morgan, prot, klebs, entero. faeca.	0,9097	0,0007	6,0579	0,0421	1,0250	0,29146	0,28370	0,00051	8,61
8	100	Cladosporium herbarum	0,2805	0,0069	0,9338	2,1314	0,5125	1,53591	2,72495	0,00102	8,13
9	74	papillomavirus 1:100	1,0346	0,0017	4,5928	0,2596	0,5125	0,5034	1,01280	0,00077	7,92
10	587	influenza + papillomavirus	0,0154	0,2008	1E-05	0,0014	0,5125	0,00888	0,31362	5,11737	6,17
11	583	measles, mumps, rubella + chicken pocks	0,7408	0,0011	2,4666	0,1561	1,0250	0,23601	1,29877	0,00102	5,93
12	97	fungi I (Altern. ten., Botr. cin., Cladosp. herb., C	0,4931	0,0180	0,5473	1,0446	0,5125	1,32972	1,5426	0,00307	5,49
13	550	esch. coli, morgan., prot., klebs., entero. faeca.	0,4111	0,003	1,8251	0,5675	0,5125	0,87677	1,27098	0,00077	5,47
14	501	rotavirus + measles, mumps, rubella	1,0257	0,0028	2,2767	0,2119	0,5125	0,41679	0,99823	0,00154	5,45
15	605	measles + rubella	0,5331	0,0001	0,7888	0,0074	3,0751	0,01433	1,01956	0,00230	5,44
16	106	Pullularia pullulans	1,1970	0,0019	3,1884	0,0292	0,5125	0,34048	0,16820	0,00128	5,44
17	2	hepatitis A and B	0,1044	1,4533	0,0001	0,0005	1,0250	0,12858	0,00820	2,55868	5,28

ser.NO = serial number, antigens sorted by priority of their immunologic efficiency